

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/826,225	04/04/2001	Julian Norley	P-1029	2459
7590 07/06/2004			EXAMINER	
Melissa A. Carr			VARGOT, MATHIEU D	
Advanced Energy Technology Inc. 12900 Snow Road Parma, OH 44130			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1732	
			DATE MAILED: 07/06/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/826,225	NORLEY ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Mathieu D. Vargot	1732	
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPORTED THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a recent of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by status Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of third will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AE	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. SANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10	February 2003.		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.E). 11, 453 O.G <i>.</i> 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are pending in the applicatio	n.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-29</u> is/are rejected.		•	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	ccepted or b) Objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to th			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	,		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		Application No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri			
application from the International Bure	au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies not	received.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)		
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0		Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🔲 Other:		

Application/Control Number: 09/826,225 Page 2

Art Unit: 1732

1. In view of the petition filed, the case has been restored to active status.

Applicant's response or February 18, 2004 has been noted concerning the restriction requirement. However, upon reconsideration, the claims have been rejoined and an action now follows on claims 1-29.

2.Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 5 is indefinite in calling for "the application of pressure to the laminate" when in fact such has not been set forth in claim 2, from which claim 5 depends, or claim 1 from which 2 depends. Applicant needs to add proper antecedent basis for this. Note that claims 1 and 2 do not specify that pressure is applied to the laminate itself, but rather that pressure is applied to the graphene layers of the laminate to directionally align them. There is no order for the steps recited in claim 1 and hence they would have been performed in any order. In claim 6, line 2, it is unclear what applicant means by "greater density"—ie, greater than what?

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Application/Control Number: 09/826,225

Art Unit: 1732

Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 16-20, 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Tzeng (see col. 4, lines 1-9 and 21-37; col. 6, lines 52-54; col. 7, lines 5-14). The applied reference discloses the instant process for producing a graphite article by directionally aligning layers of graphite sheets by roll pressing them and laminating the layers into a unitary article. For reasons already noted in paragraph 2, supra, instant claim 1 is clearly readable on this as no order of steps is given. Indeed, the recitation of claim 3 would indicate that such is so, since claim 3 would fail to further limit claim 1 if it were not so. Tzeng discloses suitable densities for the individual sheets and it is submitted that the laminated product would likewise exhibit such densities. See column 4, lines 24-25. The roll pressing taught in Tzeng is calendering.

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3, 5, 21 and 24-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tzeng.

Tzeng discloses the basic claimed method of making a graphite article as set forth in paragraph 3, supra, the applied reference essentially lacking at best a clear disclosure that pressure is applied after the formation of the laminate to align the graphene layers (ie, claims 3 and 24) and that the application of pressure to the laminate results in an increase in the density of the laminate (claim 5). Concerning the latter, it is rather clear

Application/Control Number: 09/826,225

// OF 11 (4) 11 (4) 11 (5) 11 (5) 12 (5) 12 (5)

Art Unit: 1732

that the application of a pressure to a laminate would probably function to increase the density thereof given that such occurs when individual layers are pressed. However, Tzeng never really discloses pressing the laminate, at least with respect to increasing the density or aligning the layers. At any rate, given the disclosure of the pressing increasing the density of individual sheets and directionally aligning same, it certainly would have been obvious that such would also occur when the layers are laminated together. The exact pressure applied would have been within the skill level of the art.

Note that Tzeng teaches using a pressure adhesive (col. 7, line 9), which presumably would require some degree of pressure to be applied during the laminating.

5.Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

In that the previous rejection has been vacated in view of the newly found reference to Tzeng, applicant's comments directed to the previous combination are now moot.

Applicant's arguments concerning unexpected results are not probative in light of a 102 rejection.

6.Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mathieu D. Vargot whose telephone number is 571 272-1211. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 9 to 6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Colaianni, can be reached on 571 272-1196. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. Vargot June 28, 2004 M. Varget Mathieu D. Vargot Primary Examiner Art Unit 1732

6/28/04